

no genuine issue as to any such material fact. The party shall serve the statement on the opposing party.

(2) The opposing party may file an opposition within 15 calendar days of receipt of the statement in paragraph (e)(1) of this section. The opposition may refer to the record in the case to rebut the statement that a fact is not in dispute or may file an affidavit stating that the party cannot, for reasons stated, present facts to oppose the request. After considering the submissions, the administrative judge may order that discovery be permitted on the fact or facts involved, limit the hearing to the issues remaining in dispute, issue findings and conclusions without a hearing or make such other ruling as is appropriate.

(3) If the administrative judge determines upon his or her own initiative that some or all facts are not in genuine dispute, he or she may, after giving notice to the parties and providing them an opportunity to respond in writing within 15 calendar days, issue an order limiting the scope of the hearing or issue findings and conclusions without holding a hearing.

(f) *Record of hearing.* The hearing shall be recorded and the Board shall arrange and pay for verbatim transcripts. All documents submitted to, and accepted by, the administrative judge at the hearing shall be made part of the record of the hearing. If the Board submits a document that is accepted, it shall furnish a copy of the document to the complainant. If the complainant submits a document that is accepted, the administrative judge shall make the document available to the Board's representative for reproduction.

(g) *Findings and conclusions.* Unless the administrative judge makes a written determination that good cause exists for extending the time for issuing findings of fact and conclusions of law, within 180 days of a request for a hearing being received by the Commission, an administrative judge shall issue findings of fact and conclusions of law on the merits of the complaint, and shall order appropriate relief where discrimination is found with regard to the matter that gave rise to the complaint. The administrative judge shall

send copies of the entire record, including the transcript, and the findings and conclusions to the parties by certified mail, return receipt requested. Within 60 days of receipt of the findings and conclusions, the Board may reject or modify the findings and conclusions or the relief ordered by the administrative judge and issue a final decision in accordance with § 268.209 of this part. If the Board does not, within 60 days of receipt of the findings and conclusions, accept, reject or modify the findings and conclusions of the administrative judge, then the findings and conclusions of the administrative judge and the relief ordered shall become the final decision of the Board and the Board shall notify the complainant of the final decision in accordance with § 268.209 of this part.

§ 268.209 Final decisions.

(a) The EEO Programs Director shall notify the Board of Governors when a complaint is ripe for decision under this section. At the request of any member of the Board of Governors made within 3 business days of such notice, the Board of Governors shall make the decision on the complaint. If no such request is made, the Administrative Governor, or the Staff Director for Management if he or she is delegated the authority to do so under § 268.103(a)(2) of this part, shall make the decision on the complaint.

(b) The Board shall issue a final decision:

(1) Within 60 days of receiving notification that a complainant has requested an immediate decision in accordance with § 268.207(f) of this part;

(2) Within 60 days of the end of the 30-day period for the complainant to request a hearing or an immediate final decision where the complainant has not requested either a hearing or a final decision as provided by § 268.207(f) of this part;

(3) Within 60 days of receiving the findings and conclusions of an administrative judge under § 268.208(g) of this part;

(4) Within 30 days of receiving the written recommendation of an administrative judge to accept or reject the class complaint pursuant to § 268.305(c)(7) of this part;

(5) If it decides to vacate an agreement of resolution upon the selection of a member of the class pursuant to § 268.305(f)(4) of this part;

(6) Within 60 days of receiving findings and recommendations of an administrative judge following a class action hearing pursuant to the procedures stated under § 268.305(i) of this part;

(7) Within 90 days of receipt of a written claim by a class member pursuant to § 268.305(k)(3) of this part; or

(8) Within 30 days of receiving the EEOC decision pursuant to § 268.405(c) of this part.

(c) The final decision of the Board shall consist of findings by the Board on the merits of each issue in the complaint, or following review by the Commission, the reason or reasons for acceptance, modification or rejection of each finding in an EEOC decision. When discrimination is found and indicated in the final decision, appropriate remedies and relief in accordance with subpart E of this part will be addressed in the final decision.

(d) The final decision shall contain information regarding the right to file a request for review with the Commission of final decisions pursuant to paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this section and the procedures for filing a request for review with the Commission, the right to file a civil action in a United States District Court, including the name of the proper defendant in any such lawsuit, and the applicable time limits for reviews and lawsuits. A copy of EEOC Form 573, Notice of Appeal/Petition, shall be attached to the final decision pursuant to paragraphs (b)(1) through (7) of this section.

Subpart C—Provisions Applicable to Particular Complaints

§ 268.301 Age Discrimination in Employment Act.

(a) As an alternative to filing a complaint of discrimination on the basis of age under this part, an aggrieved person may file a civil action in a United States District Court against the Board of Governors. The aggrieved person must give notice of his or her intent to file such action with the Commission, with a copy to the Board's

EEO Programs Director, not less than 30 days prior to filing such civil action. The notice must be filed in writing with the Commission: Federal Sector Programs, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, 1801 L Street, NW, Washington, DC 20507, within 180 days of the occurrence of the alleged unlawful practice.

(b) The Commission may exempt a position from the provisions of the ADEA if the Commission establishes a maximum age requirement for the position on the basis of a determination that age is a bona fide occupational qualification necessary to the performance of the duties of the position. The Board may adopt a Commission exemption for inclusion under this section.

(c) When an aggrieved person has filed a complaint under § 268.205 or § 268.305 of this part alleging age discrimination, administrative remedies will be considered to be exhausted for purposes of filing a civil action:

(1) 180 days after the filing of an individual complaint if the Board has not issued a final decision and the complainant has not filed a request for review by the Commission, or 180 days after the filing of a class complaint if the Board has not issued a final decision;

(2) After the issuance of a final decision under § 268.209 of this part on an individual or class complaint if the individual has not filed a request for review with the Commission; or

(3) After the issuance of a final decision under § 268.209(b)(8) following an EEOC decision under § 268.405 of this part, or 180 days after the filing of a request for review under subpart D of this part if the Commission has not issued an EEOC decision.

[59 FR 16098, Apr. 6, 1996, as amended at 61 FR 13079, Mar. 26, 1996]

§ 268.302 Equal Pay Act.

(a) Any employee who believes he or she has received unequal pay due to discrimination based on sex may seek recovery of withheld wages by filing a complaint of discrimination under subpart B of this part, if a complaint of individual discrimination, or under § 268.305 of this part if a class action, except that civil actions shall be filed